

Mariannette Miller-Meeks (IA-01) Red Box Backup – Outsourcing

OUTSOURCING

When it comes to **outsourcing jobs**, IA-01 Voters need to see on broadcast and cable in the Quad Cities, Cedar Rapids, and Des Moines media markets, as well as in the mail and on OTT and digital:

- *Mariannette Miller-Meeks has a disturbing record when it comes to outsourcing American jobs.*
- *As president of a medical organization, Miller-Meeks hired a company that used cheap foreign labor -- instead of American workers.*
- *In Congress, Miller-Meeks took over \$3 million from Washington special interests. No wonder she supported special tax breaks for corporations shipping American jobs overseas.*
- *And while in Congress, Miller-Meeks refused to protect American manufacturers from unfair competition from China.*

Mariannette Miller-Meeks Has A Disturbing Record When It Comes To Outsourcing American Jobs. As President Of A Medical Organization, Miller-Meeks Hired A Company That Used Cheap Foreign Labor -- Instead Of American Workers

2007: The Iowa Medical Society Partnered With Athenahealth, A Massachusetts Company That Assisted Medical Offices With Administrative Tasks. “The basis for the claim, according to the DCCC and Loeb sack, is a 2007 partnership between the Iowa Medical Society and a Watertown, Mass.-based company called athenahealth Inc., a service provider that assists medical offices with administrative tasks such as billing and collections.” [WQAD-News 8, [10/19/14](#)]

Miller-Meeks Was President Of The Iowa Medical Society At The Time Of The Partnership. “Miller-Meeks was president of the medical society at the time, and a news release quoted her as saying the partnership would help physicians “run more efficient practices and better serve patients.” [WQAD-News 8, [10/19/14](#)]

2005: Athenahealth Employed 200 Low-Wage Workers In India. “A 2005 Boston Globe article does say athenahealth employed 200 ‘low wage’ data entry workers in India. But the India operations have been only a small part of the company's workforce, according to filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Its 2013 annual report says out of nearly 3,000 employees at the end of last year, about 300 were in Chennai, India. The rest were in the United States. At the end of 2007, the company had 26 workers in India out of a total of 610, with the rest in the U.S., according to its 10-K.” [WQAD-News 8, [10/19/14](#)]

As of 2013, The Company, Athenahealth, Had 3,000 Employees And 300 Were In India. “A 2005 Boston Globe article does say athenahealth employed 200 ‘low wage’ data entry workers in India. But the India operations have been only a small part of the company's workforce, according to filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Its 2013 annual report says out of nearly 3,000 employees at the end of last year, about 300 were in Chennai, India. The rest were in the United States. At the end of 2007, the company had 26 workers in India out of a total of 610, with the rest in the U.S., according to its 10-K.” [WQAD-News 8, [10/19/14](#)]

In Congress, Miller-Meeks Took Over \$3 Million From Washington Special Interests. No Wonder She Supported Special Tax Breaks For Corporations Shipping American Jobs Overseas

Center For Responsive Politics: Miller-Meeks Has Taken \$3,461,632 From Special Interests During Her Congressional Campaigns.

Sector	Total	Individuals	PACs
Agribusiness	\$240,898	\$153,398	\$87,500
Communications/Electronics	\$74,628	\$39,038	\$35,590

Construction	\$190,426	\$154,426	\$36,000
Defense	\$9,653	\$6,653	\$3,000
Energy & Natural Resources	\$89,518	\$41,518	\$48,000
Finance, Insurance & Real Estate	\$653,465	\$535,965	\$117,500
Health	\$525,577	\$281,077	\$244,500
Lawyers & Lobbyists	\$120,960	\$113,960	\$7,000
Transportation	\$101,258	\$77,688	\$23,570
Misc Business	\$314,118	\$258,944	\$55,174
Labor	\$1,022	\$22	\$1,000
Ideological/Single-Issue	\$1,140,109	\$183,464	\$956,645
TOTAL:	\$3,461,632		

[Center For Responsive Politics, [6/22/22](#)]

Miller-Meeks Backed Tax Breaks For Companies That Outsource Because She Opposed A 2010 House Bill, Later Signed Into Law, Which Limited A Range Of Complex Corporate Tax Provisions. “Let’s take the first claim first, that Miller-Meeks backed tax breaks for companies that outsource. Loeb sack and the DCCC say this claim stems from her opposition to a 2010 House bill — eventually a law — that provided \$26.1 billion in aid to economically hurting states during the depths of the Great Recession. The House bill was partially paid for by limiting a range of complex corporate tax provisions. Democrats said the tax breaks helped companies that outsource jobs. Republicans argued the bill amounted to a tax increase on business. The savings from the tax changes amounted to \$9.8 billion.” [WQAD-News 8, [10/19/14](#)]

And While In Congress, Miller-Meeks Refused To Protect American Manufacturers From Unfair Competition From China

July 2022: Miller-Meeks Voted Against The CHIPS Semiconductor Package. [H.R. 4346, Vote #404, [7/28/22](#); CQ, [7/28/22](#)]

Feb. 2022: Miller-Meeks Voted Against The America COMPETES Act To Increase U.S. Global Competitiveness. [H.R. 4521, Vote #31, [2/4/22](#); CQ, [2/4/22](#)]

- **America COMPETES Authorized \$45 Billion To Bolster The Supply Chain And Increase U.S. Manufacturing Of Critical Goods.** “The House bill would provide \$45 billion over six years in grants and loans to improve the nation’s supply chains and to boost American manufacturing of goods deemed critical for national security and the US economy -- like products for public health, communications technology and food -- according to a summary of the bill provided by House Democrats. Similar to the Senate bill, it would create a new initiative within the Department of Commerce to help promote the resiliency of the nation’s supply chains. The House bill would establish an office that would monitor supply chains, identify vulnerabilities and designate which products are critical. The agency would also be tasked with building up stockpiles to prevent shortages of goods in the event of a future supply chain shock.” [CNN, [2/4/22](#)]
- **America COMPETES Invested \$3 Billion In Solar Manufacturing To Reduce The U.S.’s Reliance On China.** “The House legislation would set aside billions of dollars to bolster research and manufacturing. [...] It would set aside another \$3 billion for the nation’s solar manufacturing supply chain, aiming to reduce the country’s reliance on China for parts.” [CNN, [2/4/22](#)]
- **America COMPETES Invested \$52 Billion In Domestic Manufacturing And Research Of Semiconductors To Decrease The U.S.’s Technological Dependence On Asia.** “The House voted Friday to pass the America COMPETES Act, a bill that aims to increase U.S. competitiveness with China and to address the country’s shortage of semiconductors by strengthening the country’s supply chain. [...] The bill includes \$52 billion to support domestic manufacturing and research of semiconductors, the chips that are used in electronic devices and have faced shortages throughout the pandemic, contributing to delays and increased

costs. The incentives for semiconductor production come as the U.S. has increasingly relied on imports for computer chips. Twelve percent of the world's chips are made in the U.S., down from 37% in the 1990s, according to industry officials. About 80% are made in Asia.” [USA Today, [2/4/22](#)]

- **Reuters: America COMPETES Included Provisions To “Offset China’s Market-Distorting Trade Practices.”** “The U.S. House of Representatives on Friday narrowly passed a multibillion-dollar bill aimed at increasing American competitiveness with China and boosting U.S. semiconductor manufacturing, despite Republican opposition. [...] It includes changes to U.S. trade rules intended to offset China's market-distorting trade practices, including by strengthening anti-dumping rules.” [Reuters, [2/4/22](#)]